1. **Past Simple → Present Perfect**
2. We began eating when it started to rain.

* We have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. It is a long time since we last met.

* We haven’t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. When did you have it ?

* How long\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. This is the first time I had such a delicious meal .

* I haven’t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. I haven’t seen him for 8 days.

* The last\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. It's nearly 20 years since my father saw his brother.

My father hasn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. I have never been to the ballet before.

* It is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. John and Mary moved to Edinburgh twenty years ago.

* It is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. She hasn't written to us since last year.

The last time \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. It's ten weeks since since I last had a good night sleep.

I haven’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. **Conditional sentences type 1 and 2:**

**Give the correct forms of these verbs**

1. If he (have) free time, he would go swimming.

......................................................................................

2. If I had much money, I (buy) a new car

.....................................................................................

3. He (write) to her if she wrote to him

.....................................................................................

4. If the weather (be) cool, the bananas wouldn’t spoil.

.......................................................................................

5. This car (buy) if it were cheap.

......................................................................................

6. I (not do) that if I (be) you.

......................................................................................

7. We (go) swimming if today (be) Sunday.

......................................................................................

8. If they know your address, they (meet) you.

......................................................................................

9.Where you (go) if you (have) a car?

.....................................................................................

10. If he (do) his homework, he (not work) about the examination.

.....................................................................................

**Complete the conditional sentence, using the given information:**

1. I can`t look the word up because I haven`t got a dictionary.

🡪 If I

1. I don’t have his number, so I don’t phone him.

🡪If I …..

1. David has so many accidents because he`s so clumsy.

🡪If David …….

1. People don`t realise how important it is to conserve energy, so they do nothing about it.  
   🡪If people
2. It is raining, so we won`t finish the game.

🡪If it …

1. Nick can’t find the way because he hasn’t got a map.

🡪 If

1. Water these plants or they will die.

🡪 If you

🡪Unless you water

1. Hurry up or we’ll be late for the concert.

🡪 If we don’t

1. Stop talking or you won’t understand the lesson

🡪 If you

1. Keep silent or you’ll wake the baby up

🡪 If you

1. Try to recycle things and we will save natural resources.

🡪 If we

1. I’m not rich, so I can’t buy that house.

🡪 If I were

1. He works in the evening, so he has no time to play with his children.

🡪 If he didn’t

1. I can’t give you a ride because I don’t have a motorbike.

🡪 If I had

1. I’m so busy, so I don’t write to my friends regularly.

🡪 If I

1. **Adjective and adverbs:**
   1. **Adjectives:**

* Đứng trước danh từ hoặc đại từ mà nó bổ nghĩa

Ex: She is a **beautiful** girl

* Đứng sau động từ BE, BECOME/ GET/ LOOK/ FEEL/ SEEM/ SMELL/ TASTE/GROW/ SOUND

Ex: That house **is** old. He **looks** tired

* Đứng sau danh từ chỉ sự đo lường ( chiều dài, chiều rộng, chiều cao, tuổi tác)

Ex: He is 1.80 meters **tall**

* Đứng sau các từ something, someone, somebody, somewhere, anything, everything, nothing…

Ex: I’ll tell you something **important.**

* 1. **Adverbs**
* Đứng sau động từ, bổ nghĩa cho một động từ hành động

Ex: they dance **beautifully.**

* Đứng trước tính từ bổ nghĩa cho một tính từ

Ex: It is **very** cold today

* Đứng trước trang từ để bổ nghĩa cho trạng từ đó

Ex: She sang **extremely** well.

* Thường đứng ở đầu câu bổ nghĩa cho cả câu

Ex: **Fortunately**, he was not injured in that accident.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Adj + ly** | **Adv** |
| Careful | Carefully |
| Lucky | Luckily |
| Good | well |

Một số vừa là tính từ vừa là trạng từ

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Fast** | **Fast** |
| **Late** | **Late** |
| **Hard** | **Hard** |
| **Far** | **Far** |
| **Early** | **Early** |

Một số tính từ tận là bằng LY: **lively, friendly, likely, silly, lovely...**

**EXERCISE**

1. **Adjective or adverb? Circle the correct word in each pair.**
   * 1. He felt (sleepy/ sleepily) after the big meal.
     2. The theater got (quiet/ quietly) when the movie began.
     3. Susan smiled (cheerful/ cheerfully) when the teacher gave him his grade.
     4. That car looks quite (comfortable/ comfortably)
     5. She tasted the spaghetti sauce (careful/ carefully) because it was very hot.
     6. He grew more and more (angry/ angrily) as she told him the story.
     7. Marsha sighed (heavy/ heavily) at the thought of all the work she had to do.
     8. A trip to the country sounds (wonderful/ wonderfully)
     9. They sounded the alarm (loud/ loudly) when they smelled the smoke of the fire.
     10. When her god died, she cried very (hard/ hardly) for half an hour.
     11. The sun was shining (bright/ brightly) when we arrived at the beach.
     12. You haven’t cleaned the floor (proper/ properly). It’s still (dirty/ dirtily)
     13. There was a (terrible/ terribly) accident on this road two days ago. Two people were killed and the driver of the car was (seriously/ serious) injured.
     14. Rose seemed very (unhappy/ unhappily). She smiled (sad/ sadly) at me when she saw me.
     15. He plays the piano very (good/ well) for someone of his age. He is a (good/ well) young pianist.
2. **Write the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first:**
   * 1. The film’s ending is dramatic.

→ The film

* + 1. These children study very well.

→ These children are

* + 1. My brother is not good at playing tennis.

→ My brother does not

* + 1. She is a very sweet singer.

→ She sings

* + 1. My brother is a careless driver.

→ My brother drives

1. **Choose the best answer:**
   * 1. The Kien Thuc Ngay Nay is …………………. read by both teenagers and adults. (wide/ widely/ width/ widened)
     2. We usually watch the news on TV because it’s very…………………( information/ informal/ informative/ informed)
     3. Do you find the Internet………………, Peter? ( useful/ using/ used/ usefully)
     4. The tour around the country was…………….. cheap. ( surprise/ surprising/ surprised/ surprisingly)
     5. We were really……………….. by the beauty of your country. ( impress/ impression/ impressed/ impressing)
     6. Hanoi is not very………………… from Kuala Lumpur. ( differ/ difference/ different/ differently)
     7. We went to see many………………. places in Hanoi last year. (famous/ fame/ famously/ famousness)
     8. The Smiths enjoyed the………………. atmosphere in Vietnam. ( peace/ peacetime/ peaceful/ peacefully)
     9. The………………. language in Malaysia is Bahasa Malaysia. ( nation/ national/ nationality/ nationally)
     10. The children are playing………………… in the schoolyard. ( happy/ happily/ unhappy/ happiness)
     11. Music and painting are……………………. subjects. ( optional/ optionally/ option/ optioning)
     12. It’s …………….. to wear short skirts and faded jeans again. ( fashion/ fashionable/ fashionably/ fashioned)
     13. She sings very………………( beauty/ beautiful/ beautifully/ beautify)
     14. It is an………………….. journey. ( interest/ interested/ interesting/ interestingly)
     15. Mary opened her book……………..( carefully/ careful/ care/ careless)
     16. Roma used to be a …………………….businessman. ( successful/ success/ successive/ succeed)
     17. There is an………………….. film in channel HTV 7 tonight. (interest/ interested/ interesting/ interestingly)
     18. The Ao Dai is the……………….. dress of Vietnamese woman ( tradition/ traditional/ traditionally/ traditionalist)
     19. We feel very ………………today. ( excited/ exciting/ excite/ excitement)
     20. English, Chinese and Tamil are also……………….. spoken in Malaysia. ( widened/ width/ wide/ widely)

***VIII- Choose the best option in brackets to complete each of the following sentences :***

1. We are all ....................... destroying the environment around us. *(slow / slowly)*
2. Wild plants and animals on the earth are .................... disappearing. *(quick / quickly)*
3. Farm workers have to work very ............................ during the harvest. *(hard / hardly)*
4. Please don’t go too ........................................... the edge of the cliff. *(near / nearly)*
5. Mr.Black sounded really ........................... this morning. He had his car stolen. *(unhappy / unhappily)*
6. Frogs are found ......................... rare in this area. *(comparative / comparatively)*
7. The lakes in our town are polluted ........................................... . *(bad / badly)*
8. My uncle’s old car was ................... but his new one is very ................... *(slow / slowly – fast / fastly)*
9. What is for dinner ? It smells very .......................... . *(delicious / deliciously)*
10. Bob is sometimes a ...................... driver. I think he drives ................... when he’s in a hurry. *(dangerous / dangerously)*

***IX- Use the appropriate forms of the verbs in brackets :***

1. If the weather is good next weekend, we (go) ................................. away somewhere.
2. Come on ! If we (hurry) ..................... , we (catch) ...................................... the bus.
3. If there (be) .............................. too much litter on the streets, the environment will become polluted.
4. There (be) ................. big floods every year if the cutting down of trees continues.
5. If the sea level (rise) ..............................., there will be floods in many parts of the world.
6. They will be late for their meeting if they (not leave) ..................................... now.
7. If you aren’t careful, you (drop) ................................................................. the plates.
8. If anyone (phone) ......................................... me, tell them I’m out.
9. If he (not use) ............................. much pesticide on vegetables, they will become edible.
10. If crops (not spray) ................. with pesticide, they will be destroyed by insects in soil.

***X- Combine each pair of the sentences by using BECAUSE :***

1. The weather was lovely, so we spent the whole day in the garden.

...........................................................................................................................................

1. My homework is long and difficult. I can’t finish it on time.

...........................................................................................................................................

1. He left school because of his hard life.

...........................................................................................................................................

1. She can’t work hard because of her age.

...........................................................................................................................................

1. I can’t buy this bike because of not having enough money.

...........................................................................................................................................