I/Fill in the blank with suitable preposition in the box

|  |
| --- |
| in at to from of through about for by with during |

1. Young people prefer taking part…………….sports.

2. Are you free………………Saturday afternoon ?

3.How ……………going to the cinema.

5. I went……………..my parents to the zoo last Sunday.

6. In Vietnam…………………the 1960s, most families didn’t have a TV set.

7. ………………dinner, we talk about our day.

8.Thirty years ago, some people even watched TV……………….the windows.

9. There aren’t not many good programs………………..teenagers.

10.Hoa lived ……………… a village near Hue.

11.I usually stay ……………… home on Sundays.

12.Life in the city is different …………… life in the country.

13.She prefers to talk …………… her friends.

14.Hoa usually goes …………… the public library ……………… bike.

15.I am scared ………………….. the noise.

II/Supply the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

I (watch)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Crime Reported on television last night and (enjoy)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_it a lot. The first few scenes (be)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rather dull, but later the program (become)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_very interesting. I also (like)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the policeman on yesterday’s program because he take about unusual crimes and he (explain)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_everything very clearly. He also (give)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_very good answers to all the questions.

III/Make question for the underlined words

1. My brother plays video games twice a week.

2. We rarely eat out because it is far too expensive.

3. Minh is one meter forty six centimeters.

4. Her son is going to invent a new game.

5. There are thousands of books in the new public library.

6. Hoa played tennis with her friends last weekend.

7. It is only five hundred meters from Viet’s house to the arcade.

8. They were in the library last night.

9. The new electronic game costs two hundred thousand dong.

10. Nga traveled to Ha Noi by plane.

READING

I. Read the text and then choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

Yesterday, on the way home from school, I saw an accident. A boy was run over by a taxi

when he was riding his bicycles. The boy’s leg was broken and it was bleeding badly.

Someone there tried to stop the bleeding. They put pressure on it and held it tight. A man

used his mobile phone to call the emergency service. Some minutes later, an ambulance

arrived and sent the boy to the hospital. Two policemen came to the scene immediately.

Some people told the police that the taxi driver was driving at a very high speed when the

accident happened. Some others began talking about the traffic accidents these days and

blamed the increasing number of accidents on the roads for careless driving and drunk

drivers.

1. What did the writer see yesterday?

A. a fire B. an accident C. a fighting D. a crash

2. The accident happened between a taxi and………………….

A. a bus B. a car C. a bicycle D. motorbike

3. The boy was sent to the hospital by……………………

A. a police B. a car C. an ambulance D. a passenger

4. What part of his body was hurt? – His…………………

A. arm B. leg C. head D. shoulder

5. How was the driver when the accident happened? – Very…………………

A. slowly B. fast C. carefully D. well

2. Choose the correct word A, B or C for each gap to complete the following passage.

When you are in Singapore , you can go about (1)……………….taxi, by bus, or by

underground. I myself prefer the underground (2)………………… it is fast, easy and cheap.

There are (3)………………….buses and taxis in Singapore and one cannot drive along the

road (4)………………..and without many stops, especially on the Monday morning. The

undergound is therefore usually quicker (5)………………….taxis or buses. If you do not

know Singapore very (6)…………………….,it is difficult (7)…………………..the bus you

want. You can (8)………………a taxi, but it is (9)…………………….expensive than the

underground or a bus. On the underground, you find good maps that tell you the names of

the stations and (10)………………….. you how to get to them, so that it is easy to find your

way.

1. A. at B. in C. by

2. A. but B. because C. when

3. A. many B. a lot C few

4.A. quick B. quickly C. quicker

5.A. so B. like C. than

6.A. well B. good C. fine

7.A. to find B. find C. finding

8. A. go B. take C. get

9. A. less B. more C. most

10. A. give B. talk C. show